

CHAPTER 3

PEDESTRIANS

SECTION:

- 9-3-1: Right of Way
- 9-3-2: Pedestrians Using Roadway
- 9-3-3: Signals
- 9-3-4: Standing on Sidewalk

9-3-1: RIGHT OF WAY: It shall be unlawful for the driver of any vehicle to drive onto any crosswalk without the exercise of due and proper care in view of the special use made thereof by pedestrians.

It shall be unlawful to drive vehicle into any crosswalk while there is in such crosswalk upon the half of the roadway upon which such vehicle is traveling any pedestrian engaged in crossing the roadway until such pedestrian shall have passed beyond the path of such vehicle, when the pedestrian shall indicate his intention to cross.

The driver of a vehicle shall stop before entering any crosswalk when any other vehicle proceeding in the same direction is stopped at such crosswalk for the purpose of permitting a pedestrian to cross. (M.C. 1949; Sec. 373)

9-3-2: PEDESTRIANS USING ROADWAY: At no place shall a pedestrian cross any roadway other than by the most direct route to the opposite curbing, and when crossing at any place other than a crosswalk he shall yield the right of way to all vehicles upon the roadway.

No person shall stand or loiter in any roadway other than in a safety zone, if such act interferes with the lawful movement of traffic.

It shall be unlawful for any person to stand in a roadway for the purpose of soliciting a ride from the driver of any vehicle. (M.C. 1949; Sec. 374)

9-3-3: SIGNALS: At intersections where traffic is directed by a policeman or by a stop and go signal, it shall be unlawful for any pedestrian to cross the roadway, other than with released traffic. (M.C. 1949; Sec. 375)

9-3-4: STANDING ON SIDEWALK: It shall be unlawful for a pedestrian to stand upon any sidewalk except as near as reasonably possible to the building line or curb, if such standing interferes with the use of said sidewalk by other pedestrians. (M.C. 1949; Sec. 376)